SAFETY DATA SHEET



MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND 20W-50 STANDARD DEFENSE

Section 1. Identification

Product name	MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND 20W-50 STANDARD DEFENSE			
Product description	base oil and additives			
Relevant identified uses of	substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	: Engine oil			
Uses advised against	is product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use her than the identified uses above.			
Supplier	: ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd. (Company No.: 196800312N)			
	1 HarbourFront Place #06-00 HarbourFront Tower One 098633 Singapore			
24-Hour emergency telephone number	: 1-800-424-9300/+1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)			
Supplier General Contact	: (65) 6885 8000			
Supplier	EQUATOR COMPANY LIMITED			
	146 - 148 Khanh Hoi Street Ward 6, District 4, Ho Chi Minh City Vietnam			
Supplier General Contact	: +84 28 3940 6411			
Supplier	: Nam Giang Commercial Service Co., Ltd)			
	120 Hoang Hoa Tham Street Ward 7, Binh Thanh District Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam			
Supplier General Contact	: +84 28 7302 4500			
FAX	: +84 28 3847 6879			
Supplier	: PAN International Petroleum Joint Stock Company			
	53 Hoang Quoc Viet street Nghia Do Ward, Cau Giay District Hanoi Vietnam			
Supplier General Contact	+84 24 32123939			

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the
substance or mixture: Not classified.Other hazards which do not
result in classification: None known.Note: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in
Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure
may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

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: Mixture
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There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures						
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. 					
Inhalation	 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. 					
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.					
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.					

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effe				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	o known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ms</u>			
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.	v		
Ingestion	No specific data.			
Indication of immediate me	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	Э		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent reignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

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For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate persona protective equipment.				
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".				
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).				
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up				
Small spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.				
Water spill and land spill recom	nme	endations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however,				

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

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	2024				

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with used product.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Static Accumulator	:	This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
severely hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate	Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019) [mineral oil] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic distillate	Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019) [mineral oil] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
solvent refined heavy paraffinic distillate (petroleum)	Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019) [mineral oil] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: Mist. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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ndividual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Amber
Odor	:	Characteristic
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling	:	>315.56°C (>600°F)
range		
Flash point	:	Open cup: 241°C (465.8°F) [ASTM D-92]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Ignitable
Lower and upper explosion	;	Lower: 0.9%
limit/flammability limit		Upper: 7%
Vapor pressure	4	<0.1 mm Hg [20 °C]
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	1	0.881 [ASTM D4052]
Solubility in water	1	Negligible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	>3.5

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	162 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445] 17.6 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445]
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.
Pour point	:	-15°C
DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346	:	<3 % by weight

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
Acute toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary		
Inhalation	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Dermal	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Oral	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Irritation/Corrosion		
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Eyes	: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Respiratory	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material.	
Respiratory or skin sensit	tization	
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.	
Respiratory	: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.	
Mutagenicity		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not expected to be a germ assessment of the compo			ooint data for material. Based on	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not expected to cause can of the components.	cer. No end point data f	or material. Based on assessment
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not expected to be a repro assessment of the compon		d point data for material. Based on
Specific target organ toxic	city (<u>(single exposure)</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not expected to cause orga material.	an damage from a single	e exposure. No end point data for
Specific target organ toxic	city ((repeated exposure)		
Product/ingredient name			Category	Target organs
MOBIL DELVAC LEGEND DEFENSE	20W	/-50 STANDARD	Not applicable.	-
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not expected to cause orga point data for material. Bas		jed or repeated exposure. No end e components.
Aspiration hazard				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not expected to be an aspi the material. Data availabl		n physico-chemical properties of
Other information				
Contains	:	Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.		
Product	:	Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies. Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.		

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

Toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	
Acute toxicity	: Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Chronic toxicity	: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradabil	¥
Biodegradability	: Base oil component Expected to be inherently biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential	
Conclusion/Summary	: Base oil component Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.
<u>Mobility in soil</u> Mobility	: Base oil component Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low
woonty	solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Other ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

This material is not considered hazardous according to the Law on Chemicals.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (CSCL) : All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and : All components are listed or exempted. Health Act)

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Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Ratings of danger according	to	1
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	30 August 2024
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Version	1	1.01
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HMIS = Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available NFPA = National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
Procedure used to derive the classification		

Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Product code

: 2015204055C4_1260541

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